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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/889,348	09/26/2001	Wolfram Steinhilber	24702	2818
20529 7	02/02/2006		EXAMINER	
NATH & ASSOCIATES			SCHNIZER, HOLLY G	
112 South Wes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1656	
			DATE MAN ED 02/02/200	

DATE MAILED: 02/02/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/889,348	STEINHILBER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Holly Schnizer	1656	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ T	<i>⁷ January 2006</i> . his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	wance except for formal mat	•	
Disposition of Claims		·	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 5-13 and 15-29 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with definition of the above claim(s) is/are with definition of the above claim(s) is/are with definition of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) and 16 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exame and application Papers	rawn from consideration. d to. d/or election requirement. iner.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 26 September 2001 Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	he drawing(s) be held in abeya ection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). i(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the internation of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the internation of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the internation of the certified copies of the priority documents of the pri	ents have been received. ents have been received in a riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

DETAILED ACTION

Status of the Claims

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/17/06 has been entered. No Amendments to the claims were filed with the RCE. Therefore, Claims 5-13 and 15-29 are pending and have been considered in this Office Action.

Rejection Modified to Address Applicants arguments Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

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under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Applicants argue that while the Nicholson reference (the secondary reference used in the obviousness rejection in the previous Office Action) teaches storage stability of lyophilized products generally, it does not disclose lyophilization of protein products. Therefore, Applicants argue, there would be no motivation to modify Borron et al. with the teachings of the Nicholson reference. This argument has been considered but is not deemed persuasive in light of Borron in view of US Patent 6,267,958 which shows that it was well known in the art at the time of the invention that lyophilization could be used to increase stability of proteins.

Claims 5, 10, 11, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Borron et al. (Am. J. Physiol. 275 (Lung Cell. Mol. Physiol. 19): L679-L686) in view of Nicholson (Dev. Biol. Stand. (1976) 36: 69-75).

As stated in the previous Office Actions, Borron et al. teach a composition comprising a purified recombinant SP-A that is lipid-free and contained in buffer (considered a carrier) at neutral pH (p. L680, Col. 2, last two paragraphs; indicates that recombinant SP-A was dialyzed against Tris buffer at pH 7.4). Also, as stated in the previous Office Action, the claims are drawn to a product with an intended use. However, without evidence that the intended use changes the product, the intended use is not considered because it is the product being claimed and not the method of using it.

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The recombinant SP-A in the composition of Borron et al. appears to be indistinguishable from the recombinant SP-A obtainable by expression of a genomic sequence or by expression of a cDNA.

Borron et al. do not teach that the SP-A composition is in powder form.

The '958 patent teaches that the production of recombinant proteins for use pharmaceutically poses special problems due to their instability (see Col. 1, lines 18-40). The '958 patent teaches that freeze-drying is commonly used to enhance the stability of proteins during storage (see Col. 1, lines 41-50) and the patent is directed to improving the lyophilization process and thus stability of proteins formulations. The '958 patent teaches that the lyophilization will increase the stability of proteins generally and also provides some specific examples of proteins including lung surfactant proteins (Col. 6, line 54). The lyophilization process results in a powder form of a protein.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to lyophilize the SP-A solution of Borron et al. and create a composition in powder form, for increased stability during storage. Borron et al. indicates that the final preparation was stored (see p. L680, Col. 2, last sentence of "Recombinant SP-A"). One of ordinary skill in the art, with knowledge of both references, would have been motivated to lyophilize the Borron et al. composition since the '958 patent teaches that lyophilization will increase protein stability during the storage time.

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Claim Objections

Claims 6-9, 12-13, 15, and 17 are objected to for depending from a rejected claim but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim.

Conclusions

Claims 5, 10, 11, and 16 are rejected. Claims 6-9, 12-13, 15, and 17 are objected to. Claims 18-29 are free of the prior art.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Holly Schnizer whose telephone number is (571) 272-0958. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Thursday from 10 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathleen Kerr can be reached on (571) 272-0931. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Holly Schnizer January 31, 2006